



Tobacco, alcohol and health series

Sector roles to reduce the harms of tobacco, alcohol and cannabis use

Policy actions	Local government	State government	Federal government *	Healthcare system (providers, Medicaid managed care plans and other insurance plans, etc.)	Law enforcement	Other public and private partners (schools, employers, public health organizations, etc.)
Youth access and age restrictions						
Education and media campaigns						
Taxation, fees and pricing	**					
Marketing restrictions						
Retail sales restrictions						
Product control (cultivation, potency, packaging and distribution)						
Public safety (secondhand smoke exposure and impaired driving)						
Healthcare services (cessation/treatment access and financing)						
Data and evaluation						

*Tobacco and alcohol only. (Cannabis remains illegal at the federal level.)

**Cuyahoga County only. (In 2008, the Ohio General Assembly prohibited new local taxes on cigarettes, but grandfathered in an existing cigarette tax in Cuyahoga County.)

= Sector has a role to play in leading the policy action

To learn more about policy options to develop an equitable and effective approach to cannabis, see [Tobacco, Alcohol and Health: Implications for Future Cannabis Policy](#)